



SAFETY DATA SHEET

CALCIUM AMMONIUM NITRATE 27%

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended.

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name CALCIUM AMMONIUM NITRATE 27%

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Fertilizer.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Toros Tarım Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.
Head office: Tekfen Tower Büyükdere Cad. No: 209
34394 4. Levent Şişli / İstanbul-Turkey
Tel: +90 212 357 02 02 Fax: +90 212 357 02 31
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1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Toros Tarım/Mersin Production Facilities - Tel: +90 324 234 3100

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Ox. Sol. 2 - H272

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Additional information Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008).

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles and reducing agents.
P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.



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2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Inhalation of decomposition gases, including ammonia and oxides of nitrogen, may cause abrasive effects and irritation in the respiratory system. Some lung functions may be inhibited. The product does not extinguish, but supports combustion even in airless environment. It melts when heated and causes decomposition. Toxic gases such as nitrogen oxides (NOx) and ammonia (NH₃) are released. High resistance to detonation.

Inhalation: If concentration is high, it may damage the burr and the upper respiratory system. May cause sore throat and coughing.

Skin contact: Prolonged contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and debris.

Eye contact: May cause redness and burning.

Ingestion: Trivial toxic effects when swallowed in small quantities. Swallowing in high quantities may cause gastrointestinal disturbances.

Rarely can form methemoglobin formation and cyanosis.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Ammonium nitrate	70-80%
CAS number: 6484-52-2	EC number: 229-347-8
REACH ANNEX XVII.	
SCL:Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: 80< C ≤100 %	
Classification	
Ox. Sol. 2 - H272	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments A mixture of ammonium nitrate and calcium carbonate (limestone); 80% dense ammonium nitrate, less than 20% calcium carbonate and the amount of combustible material should be less than 0.04% Nitrogen content should not be less than 20%. This product may also contain some inert substances, limestone and / or dolomite.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway.
Skin contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.



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Inhalation	No specific symptoms known.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	Prolonged contact may cause redness and/or tearing.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with the following media: Water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Do not use the following: Foam. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser. Ammonium nitrate is classified as an explosive if it is contaminated with organic substances or 0.2% by inorganic flammable substances.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.
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6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Do not use sawdust or other combustible material. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Use only non-sparking tools. Approach the spillage from upwind. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8.
See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards.
See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards.
For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid handling which leads to dust formation. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep away from flammable and combustible materials. Store away from the following materials: Alkalis. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Equipment such as power tools, switches and fuse boxes should be placed outside the warehouse as much as possible. During the storage of packaged products, exposure to high temperature differences should be avoided.
Suitable container materials: Stainless steel.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.



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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

General dust (TWA-8h) : 10 mg/m³

ACGIH

Ammonium nitrate

TLV/TWA: 10 mg/m³; ACGIH (Tab. 1995-96)

PEL: 15 mg/m³; OSHA (total powder), 5mg/m³; inhalable value

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

Ammonium nitrate (CAS: 6484-52-2)

DNEL

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 21,3 mg/kg bw/d

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 37,6 mg/m³

Consumer - Dermal; Acute systemic effects: 12,8 mg/kg bw/d

Consumer - Inhalation; Acute systemic effects: 11,1 mg/m³

Consumer - Oral; Acute systemic effects: 12,8 mg/kg bw/d

PNEC

Fresh water; 0,45 mg/l

marine water; 0,045 mg/l

Intermittent release; 4,5 mg/l

STP; 18 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacture, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

For exposure up to 4 hours, wear gloves made of the following material: Nitrile rubber.



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Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Particulate filter, type P2.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Solid.
Colour	Gray.
Odour	Odourless.
Odour threshold	No information available.
pH	pH (diluted solution): >7.0 %10
Melting point	No information available.
Initial boiling point and range	No information available.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.
Vapour pressure	No information required.
Vapour density	No information required.
Relative density	No information available.
Density or relative density	900-1100 g/cm ³
Bulk density	No information available.
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.
Viscosity	Not applicable.



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Explosive properties	EEC test is not explosive according to A14 (67/548 / EEC). The fertilizer has high resistance against explosion. This resistance is reduced due to the contaminants in the contents and / or high temperature. Heating in enclosed spaces (tube, duct etc.); Especially if the materials listed in Chapter 10, 2 are contaminated, lead to severe reactions and explosions.
Oxidising properties	Supports combustion and oxidation
Particle characteristics	Not available.
9.2. Other information	
Other information	No information required.
Bulk density	900-1100 kg/m ³

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Heating in closed containers (pipe, duct, etc.); especially if the substances listed in Section 10.5 are contaminated it causes severe reactions and explosions. In the case of alkali materials such as lime, ammonia gas is released.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Flammable/combustible materials. Reducing agents. Acids. Alkalis. Sulphur. 5. Chlorites Nitrides. 14. Permanganates Powdered metal. Copper. Nickel. Cobalt. Zinc. Some metals. Grease oil Diesel fuel Oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat (OECD Test Guideline 401)

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.



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Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. (OECD 404)
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. OECD Guideline 429
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. (OECD Guideline 471) (OECD Guideline 473)
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. (OECD Guideline 453)
IARC carcinogenicity	Contains a substance which has been shown to cause cancer in laboratory animals. IARC Group 2A Probably carcinogenic to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. (OECD 422) - NOAEL \geq 1500 mg/kg, 28d, Oral,
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Not relevant. Solid.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Dust in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause Methemoglobin syndrome.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. May be slightly irritating to skin.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	No specific target organs known.



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11.2. Information on other hazards

Information on other hazards No information available.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Ammonium nitrate

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ 2950 mg/kg, Oral, Rat LD₅₀ 2800 mg/kg, Oral, Rat LD₅₀ 2462 mg/kg, Oral, Rat LD₅₀ 4500 mg/kg, Oral, Rat LD₅₀ 2085 mg/kg, Oral, Mouse (OECD Test Guideline 401)

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >5000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat (OECD Test Guideline 402)
LD₅₀ 2217 mg/kg, Oral, Rat [Europe Chemicals Bureau, IUCLID, January 22, 2007]
LD₅₀ 4500 mg/kg, Oral, Rat [{Canada Environment, Tech Info for Problem Spills: s.59 (1981)}]
LD₅₀ 2800 mg/kg bw/d, Oral, Rat [Europe Chemicals Bureau, IUCLID, January 22, 2007]

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀ >88,8 mg/l, 4 hour, Rat [Europe Chemicals Bureau, IUCLID, January 22, 2007]

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 2A Probably carcinogenic to humans.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Low acute toxicity to aquatic organisms.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 6000 mg/l, Sakmo gairdneri.
TLM, 96 hours: 10-1000 ppm,

Ecological information on ingredients.

Ammonium nitrate

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hour: 447 mg/l, Cyprinus carpio (Common carp)
LC₅₀, 48 hour: 95-<102 mg/l, Cyprinus carpio (Common carp)
LC₅₀, 96 hour: 420-1360 mg NO₃/L, Rainbow trout, Bluegill

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates

EC₅₀, 24 hour: 490 mg/l, Daphnia magna
EC₅₀, 48 hour: 490 mg/l, Daphnia magna
EC₅₀, 72 hour: 226 mg/l, Daphnia magna
EC₅₀, 96 hour: 39 mg/l, Daphnia magna
EC₅₀, 96 hour: 900 mg/l, Daphnia magna
EC₅₀, 7 day: 555 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants

EC₅₀, 72 hour: 83 mg/l, Scenedesmus quadricauda
EC₅₀, 10 day: >1700 mg/l, Algae
EC₅₀, : 83 mg/l, Scenedesmus quadricauda

Acute toxicity - microorganisms

EC₅₀, 180 minute: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge



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Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates NOEC, Max. 7 day: 300 mg/l, *Bullia digitalis*

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.
The NO₃- ion is the strongest form of plant nutrition. Then the resultant nitrogen in the natural nitrification / denitrification cycle is released.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Ammonium nitrate

Persistence and degradability It can be resolvable spontaneously in the nature.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Ammonium nitrate

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility Soluble in water. The NO₃- ion is mobile, the NH₄ + ion is absorbed by the soil.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Ammonium nitrate

Mobility No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Ammonium nitrate

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.



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Ammonium nitrate

Other adverse effects

Ammonium nitrate is a nutrition for algae in water. When ammonium nitrate is poured into static water, it can causes reproduction of big algae and it affects the population of local species. In anaerobic soil, nitrate ions can transform into nitrite, molecular nitrogen, nitrogen oxide or ammonium ions.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods

Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Waste class

06 10 02* Wastes containing dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

General

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

Not classified for transport in accordance with Article 39.5.1 of the ADR regulation.

14.1. UN number or ID number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.



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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
EU legislation	Commission Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.
Authorisations (SI 2020 No. 1577 Annex XIV) and REACH 1907/2006, Annex XIV	No specific authorisations are known for this product.
Restrictions (SI 2020 No. 1577 Annex XVII) and REACH 1907/2006, Annex XVII	Entry number: 58; CAS No: 6484-52-2
Seveso Directive - Control of major accident hazards	Not relevant.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC ₅₀ : 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Ox. Sol. = Oxidising solid Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation
Key literature references and sources for data	Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/ This SDS is prepared based on the information and documents received from product owner. CRAD or/and SDS author shall not be responsible for incorrect prepared of SDS and pecuniary loss or intangible damages because of deficient or wrong information and documents which comes from product owner.

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Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	This is the first issue.
Issued by	Büşra TARAKCI / CRAD gbf@crad.com.tr Tel+90 216 3354600
Revision date	26/07/2023
Revision	1.0
Supersedes date	26/07/2023
SDS number	14109
Hazard statements in full	H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.